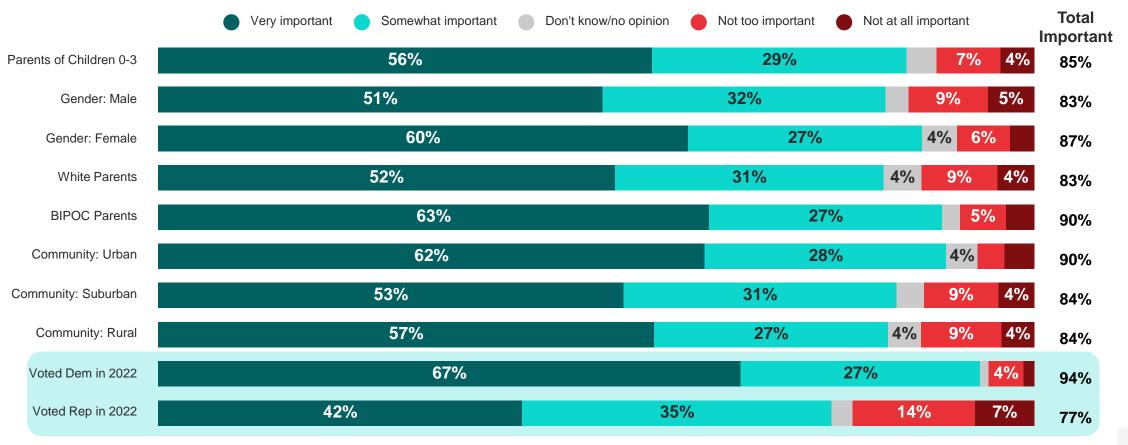


KEY FINDINGS

- 1. There is bipartisan agreement that expanding the Child Tax Credit should come before tax breaks. Over four-in-five (85%) parents who voted for a Democrat in 2022 agree with lawmakers who say Congress shouldn't pass any more tax breaks for wealthy corporations until it acts to reinstate the expanded Child Tax Credit -- the majority of parents who voted for Republicans in 2022 agree as well (67%).
- 2. Parents want federal policymakers to do more to address child care challenges. Two-in-three (64%) parents say federal policy makers need to do more to address challenges experienced while raising an infant or toddler.

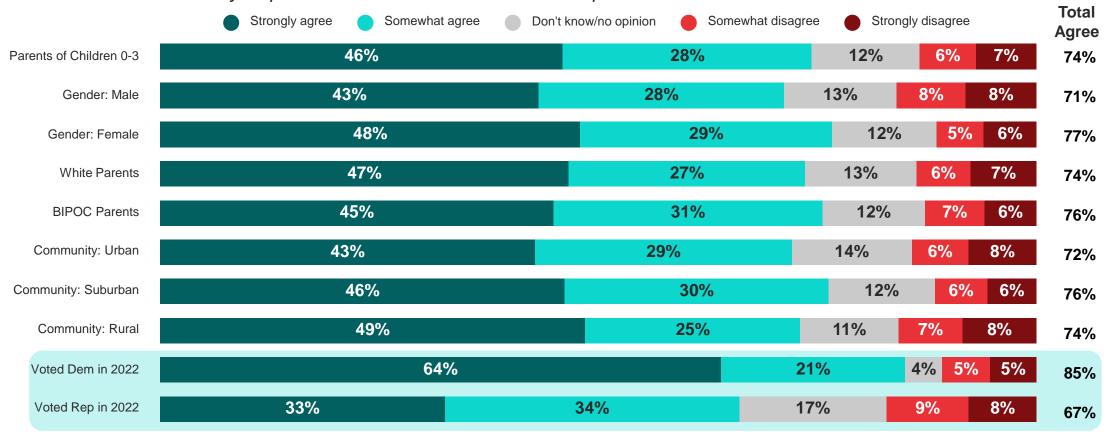
Over four-in-five (85%) parents say it is important for Congress to reinstate Child Tax Credit reforms – this includes bipartisan agreement as well.

During the COVID-19 pandemic, Congress temporarily expanded the federal Child Tax Credit, which resulted in historic drops in poverty and hunger for families with children. The extension has expired and child hunger is rising again, and economists are concerned about a recession in 2023. After learning more, how important is it to you that Congress reinstates these Child Tax Credit reforms?



Over four-in-five (85%) parents who voted for a Democrat in 2022 agree with lawmakers who say Congress shouldn't pass any more tax breaks for wealthy corporations until it acts to reinstate the expanded Child Tax Credit -- the majority of parents who voted for Republicans in 2022 agree as well (67%).

Please indicate if you agree or disagree with the following statement. Some lawmakers have said that Congress shouldn't pass any more tax breaks for wealthy corporations until it acts to reinstate the expanded Child Tax Credit.





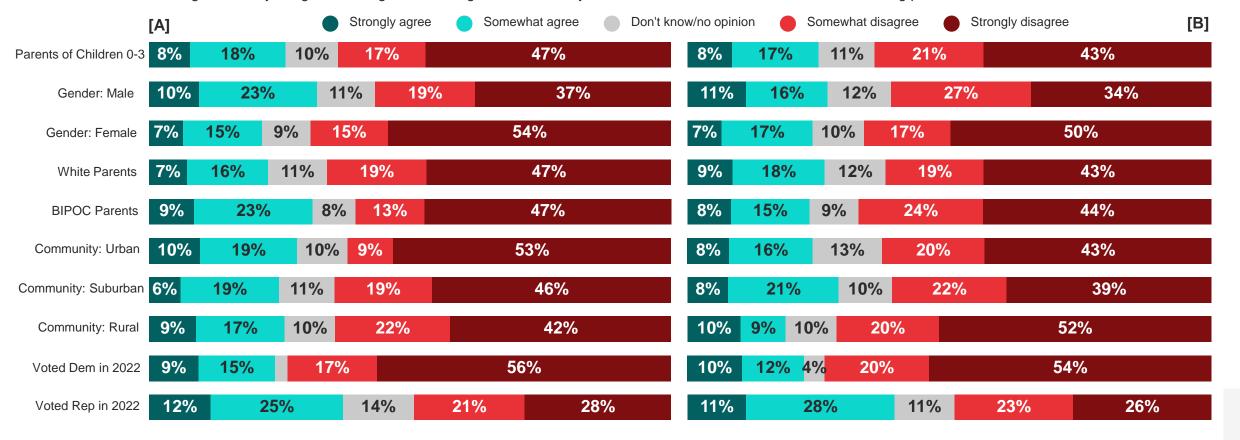
There are no statistically significant differences between both samples, but parents make it clear (64%) that they disagree with denying the CTC to families without a working parent or who are in a lower income bracket.

Please indicate if you agree or disagree with the following statement.

[A] Some politicians want to deny the Child Tax Credit to children whose parents do not work or who are in a lower income bracket.

[B] Some politicians want to deny the Child Tax Credit to children whose parents do not work or who are in a lower income bracket. This includes parents who are not working because they have disabilities or cannot get child care

After learning more, do you agree or disagree that Congress should deny the Child Tax Credit to families without a working parent or who are in a lower income bracket?

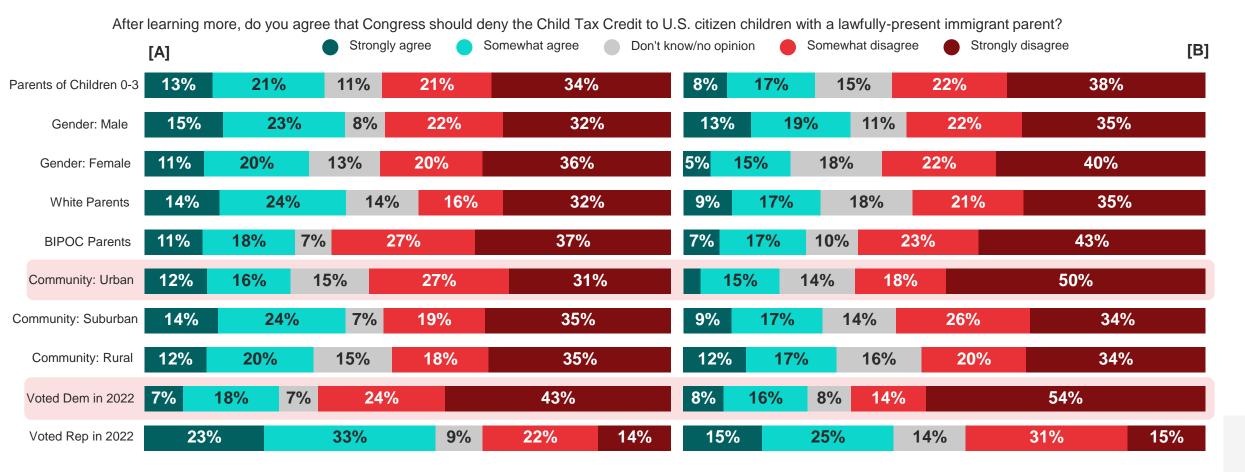




Urban parents and parents who voted Democrat in 2022 *disagree more strongly* when learning about how the increase of the CTC also included U.S. citizen children with a lawfully-present immigrant parent.

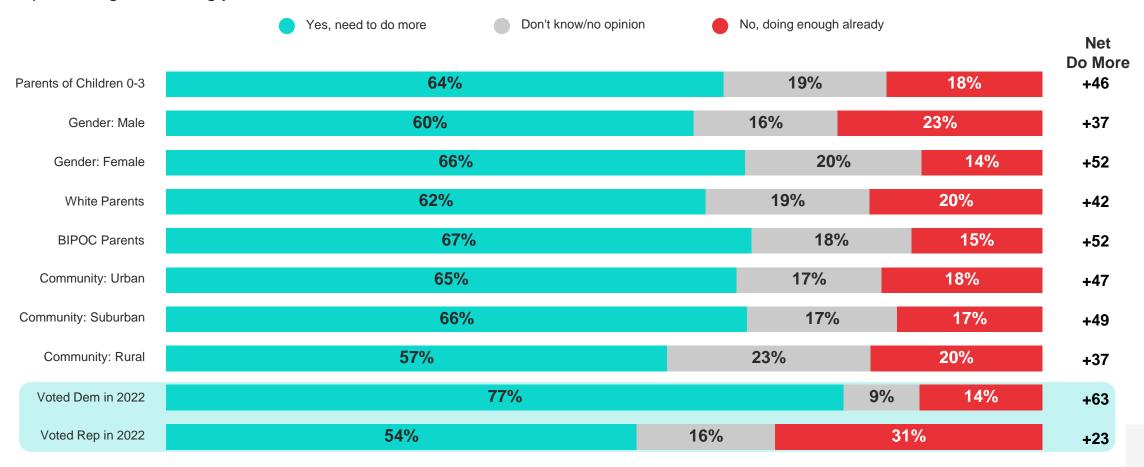
Please indicate if you agree or disagree with the following statement.

- [A] Congress should deny Child Tax Credit eligibility based on a parent's immigration status
- [B] Congress increased the value of the Child Tax Credit, including for U.S. citizen children with a lawfully-present immigrant parent. Congress should deny Child Tax Credit eligibility based on a parent's immigration status.



Parents who voted for a Democrat in the midterm elections are more likely (77%) than those who voted for a Republican (54%) to say federal policymakers need to do more when it comes to addressing challenges experienced while raising an infant or toddler.

Based on your own experiences, do federal policymakers need to do more when it comes to addressing the challenges you are experiencing with raising your infant or toddler?



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